Please check the examination details belo	w before ente	ring your candidate in	formation	
Candidate surname		Other names		
Centre Number Candidate Nu	mber			
Pearson Edexcel Level	3 GCE	1		
Thursday 25 May 20	23			
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper reference	9FM	0/01	
Further Mathematics Advanced PAPER 1: Core Pure Mathematics 1				
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical	Tables (Gre	een), calculator	Total Marks	

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.

Calculators must not have the facility for algebraic manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.

## Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
   there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
   Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

## Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶







1. The cubic equati	
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$$x^3 - 7x^2 - 12x + 6 = 0$$

has roots  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ .

Without solving the equation, determine a cubic equation whose roots are  $(\alpha + 2)$ ,  $(\beta + 2)$  and  $(\gamma + 2)$ , giving your answer in the form  $w^3 + pw^2 + qw + r = 0$ , where p, q and r are integers to be found.

**(5)** 



Question 1 continued	
	Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)



- 2. (a) Write  $x^2 + 4x 5$  in the form  $(x + p)^2 + q$  where p and q are integers.
- **(1)**

(b) Hence use a standard integral from the formula book to find

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x - 5}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

**(2)** 

(c) Determine the mean value of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x - 5}}$$
  $3 \leqslant x \leqslant 13$ 

giving your answer in the form  $A \ln B$  where A and B are constants in simplest form.

**(3)** 

Question 2 continued	
(Total f	for Question 2 is 6 marks)
	- ,



# 3. In this question you must show all stages of your working. Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$z_1 = -4 + 4i$$

(a) Express  $z_1$  in the form  $r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$ , where  $r \in \mathbb{R}$ , r > 0 and  $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$  (2)

$$z_2 = 3\left(\cos\frac{17\pi}{12} + i\sin\frac{17\pi}{12}\right)$$

- (b) Determine in the form a + ib, where a and b are exact real numbers,
  - (i)  $\frac{z_1}{z_2}$

**(2)** 

(ii)  $(z_2)^4$ 

**(2)** 

- (c) Show on a single Argand diagram
  - (i) the complex numbers  $z_1$ ,  $z_2$  and  $\frac{z_1}{z_2}$
  - (ii) the region defined by  $\left\{z \in \mathbb{C} : \left|z z_1\right| < \left|z z_2\right|\right\}$

**(4)** 

Question 3 continued



Question 3 continued

Question 3 continued	
(Total for Question 3 is 10 max	rks)



4.	Prove	by	induction	that for	$n \in \mathbb{N}$
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$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2n \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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Question 4 continued	
(Tot	al for Question 4 is 5 marks)



**5.** The line  $l_1$  has equation  $\frac{x+5}{1} = \frac{y+4}{-3} = \frac{z-3}{5}$ 

The plane  $\Pi_1$  has equation 2x + 3y - 2z = 6

(a) Find the point of intersection of  $l_1$  and  $\Pi_1$ 

**(2)** 

The line  $\ l_{_{2}}$  is the reflection of the line  $\ l_{_{1}}$  in the plane  $\ \Pi_{_{1}}$ 

(b) Show that a vector equation for the line  $l_2$  is

$$\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} -7\\2\\-7 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 10\\6\\2 \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $\mu$  is a scalar parameter.

**(5)** 

The plane  $\Pi_2$  contains the line  $l_1$  and the line  $l_2$ 

(c) Determine a vector equation for the line of intersection of  $\Pi_{\rm l}$  and  $\Pi_{\rm l}$ 

**(2)** 

The plane  $\Pi_3$  has equation  $\mathbf{r} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ a \end{pmatrix} = b$  where a and b are constants.

Given that the planes  $\Pi_1$ ,  $\Pi_2$  and  $\Pi_3$  form a sheaf,

(d) determine the value of a and the value of b.

(3)

Question 5 continued



Question 5 continued

Question 5 continued	
	Total for Question 5 is 12 marks)
	iotai ioi Ancemon 2 is 17 marks)



6. Water is flowing into and out of a large tank.

Initially the tank contains 10 litres of water.

The rate of flow of the water is modelled so that

- there are V litres of water in the tank at time t minutes after the water begins to flow
- water enters the tank at a rate of  $\left(3 \frac{4}{1 + e^{0.8t}}\right)$  litres per minute
- water leaves the tank at a rate proportional to the volume of water remaining in the tank

Given that when t = 0 the volume of water in the tank is decreasing at a rate of 3 litres per minute, use the model to

(a) show that the volume of water in the tank at time t satisfies

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}V}{\mathrm{d}t} = 3 - \frac{4}{1 + \mathrm{e}^{0.8t}} - 0.4V$$

(3)

(b) Determine  $\frac{d}{dt}(\arctan e^{0.4t})$ 

**(2)** 

Hence, by solving the differential equation from part (a),

(c) determine an equation for the volume of water in the tank at time t.

Give your answer in simplest form as V = f(t)

**(6)** 

After 10 minutes, the volume of water in the tank was 8 litres.

(d) Evaluate the model in light of this information.

**(1)** 

Question 6 continued



Question 6 continued

Question 6 continued	
(Total for Question 6 is 12 mark	ks)



# 7. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

(a) Explain why, for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ 

$$\sum_{r=1}^{2n} (-1)^r f(r) = \sum_{r=1}^{n} (f(2r) - f(2r-1))$$

for any function f(r).

**(2)** 

(b) Use the standard summation formulae to show that, for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ 

$$\sum_{r=1}^{2n} r ((-1)^r + 2r)^2 = n(2n+1)(8n^2 + 4n + 5)$$

**(6)** 

(c) Hence evaluate

$$\sum_{r=14}^{50} r \left( \left( -1 \right)^r + 2r \right)^2$$

**(4)** 



Question 7 continued



Question 7 continued

Question 7 continued	
(Te	otal for Question 7 is 12 marks)



**8.** A colony of small mammals is being studied. In the study, the mammals are divided into 3 categories

N (newborns)	0 to less than 1 month old
J (juveniles)	1 to 3 months old
B (breeders)	over 3 months old

(a) State one limitation of the model regarding the division into these categories.

**(1)** 

A model for the population of the colony is given by the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} N_{n+1} \\ J_{n+1} \\ B_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \\ a & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0.48 & 0.96 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N_n \\ J_n \\ B_n \end{pmatrix}$$

where a and b are constants, and  $N_n$ ,  $J_n$  and  $B_n$  are the respective numbers of the mammals in each category n months after the start of the study.

At the start of the study the colony has breeders only, with no newborns or juveniles.

According to the model, after 2 months the number of newborns is 48 and the number of juveniles is 40

- (b) (i) Determine the number of mammals in the colony at the start of the study.
  - (ii) Show that a = 0.8

**(4)** 

(c) Determine, in terms of b,

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0 & 0 & 2 \\
0.8 & b & 0 \\
0 & 0.48 & 0.96
\end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

**(3)** 

Given that the model predicts approximately 1015 mammals in total at the start of a particular month, and approximately 596 newborns, 464 juveniles and 437 breeders at the start of the next month,

(d) determine the value of b, giving your answer to 2 decimal places.

**(3)** 

It is decided to monitor the number of **newborn** males and females as a part of the study. Assuming that 42% of newborns are male,

(e) refine the matrix equation for the model to reflect this information, giving a reason for your answer.

(There is no need to estimate any unknown values for the refined model, but any known values should be made clear.)

**(2)** 

Question 8 continued	



Question 8 continued		

Question 8 continued		



Question 8 continued		
	(Total for Question 8 is 13 marks)	
	TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS	

